Project Indy: Infill Reimagined

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**Project Indy: Infill Reimagined** was a Spring 2021 immersive learning project where undergraduate architecture students in the ARCH 400 Comprehensive Design Studio worked with community partner Englewood Community Development Corporation in Indianapolis on a housing proposal for the 2021 Solar Decathlon Design Challenge student competition. Faculty Advisors for the project are Dr. Tom Collins and Walter Grondzik. The goal of the project was for collaborative student teams to work with a partner to design a net-zero energy, single-family house for a small urban site. Through graphics, writing, and oral presentations, student teams demonstrate that the proposal is cost effective to build, low environmental impact, comfortable for occupants, inexpensive to maintain, and buildable using existing technology. The two stage competition culminates in a virtual event where teams present to a jury of industry experts. The Project Indy Team won a 3rd place prize at the event for their housing division.

The team chose an infill parcel at 225 North Oxford St. in Indianapolis’ Englewood Neighborhood because it allowed their housing design to fill a vacant lot and to repair the fabric of an older residential street. It also has good proximity to public transit, a library, a daycare, schools, and other amenities. The long narrow lot allowed the team to design a main house facing the street and an accessory dwelling unit (ADU) facing the alley. The ADU provides rental income for the owner and additional housing options in the neighborhood. The main house is designed to allow residents to live in the house throughout the stages of their adult lives and to age in place. The design provides a ground floor bedroom, amenities, and no entry stairs for accessibility and mobility. The home is designed to be super insulated for energy efficiency and occupant comfort. It also uses an innovative mass timber and cross laminated timber (CLT) structural system for low environmental impact. Plentiful daylighting and a double height living space with loft overlook give the small home a spacious feel. A front porch allows socialization with neighbors and a back patio provides secluded outdoor space to be shared between the main house and ADU. State of the art efficient mechanical systems provide heating, cooling, and exceptional indoor air quality. A rooftop solar PV array makes more energy than the houses uses on an annual basis. Project Indy sets a new standard for affordable, high-performance housing in an inner city neighborhood undergoing revitalization.

The student team consisted of Kolton Behrent, Cheyenne Kalb, Alexandra Lawburg, Noah Gibson, Andy Jackson, Darrin Shedrow, Grace Lehmann, Samantha Felling, and Evan Johnson. Additional industry partners included ASHRAE Central Indiana and Jefferson Electric.
Project Indy: Infill Reimagined Nest - Near East Side Team

225 North Oxford Street Home

Project Summary
225 North Oxford St. was chosen as the Urban Single Family home site because of its array of possibilities. The site currently sits empty between 2 existing homes. Oxford Street has immediate access to E Washington Street, providing access to bus routes and immediate necessities. The parcel sits only 1 block from the local library branch and multiple community churches. Oxford Street is a residential street with large, matured trees and a community garden. Our site is an infill lot which will help repair the fabric of an intact residential street. With multiple vacant lots on Washington Street, there is great potential for future neighborhood development.

Design Strategies
Building codes are important as to understand the baseline practices and strategies. In this case, building codes are nowhere near sufficient. The Solar Decathlon Design Challenge requires its teams to go above and beyond by making the Department of Energy Zero Energy Read Home Requirements the standard to meet. Underneath the DOE ZERH umbrella, the EnergyStar Homes, IECC 2015, EPA Indoor airPLUS, and PVReady Checklist requirements must be met. The NEST team from Ball State University takes it a step further. By meeting and, in some cases, exceeding the Passive House Institute United States 2021 Prescriptive Pathway requirements, this project has reached the pinnacle of energy efficient and environmentally responsible homes. The current and potential needs of an Indianapolis single family drives the team to actively design for aging in place, providing the resources for a family to remain in their home for as long as possible and as comfortably as possible. Following the Indianapolis codes and guidelines, the team consistently pursues a design that not only refrains from harming the environment and community but aids in the creation of renewable energy. Our team aims to design an adaptable space to “age in place” that is affordable, comfortable, and appealing to an urban single family.

Project Data
- Englewood, Indianapolis, Indiana
- IECC Climate Zone 5A (Cold)
- 225 North Oxford Street, 46201
- 2 Bedroom, 2 Bathroom, 2 Stories, 4 occupants
- Accessory Dwelling Unit: 1 bedroom, 1 bath, 1 occupant

Technical Specifications
- Wall, Foundation, and Roof Insulation: R-39.6, R-20, R-73.7
- Window Performance: U-0.15, SHGC 0.22
- HVAC Specifications: VRF, ERV
- Other Technologies: LED Lighting, PV Panels
Project Highlights

1. **Architecture**
The single family home at the address of 225 North Oxford St. incorporates an airtight envelope design that is essential for maintaining the indoor environment and facilitating its climate control. Proper orientation of the home will allow for desired views and ideal drainage. The floor plan of our home will allow for efficient use of space and connections between the indoors and outdoors. The home will have a ground floor bedroom for aging in place and an accessory dwelling unity for rental income.

2. **Engineering**
In order to reduce the varied placement of piping, we have placed all the bathrooms, kitchen appliances, and the laundry room on one side of the unit to have a more efficient delivery method. Utilizing a ductless VRF provides both heat and air conditioning by reversing the flow of refrigerant without obstructive ductwork. An energy-recovery ventilator will use the heat in the outgoing stale air to warm up the fresh air. LED lighting will be used throughout the home but ample daylighting will be available to reduce lighting loads.

3. **Market Analysis**
Our intended target market is an urban single family in the Indianapolis, Indiana area, specifically the neighborhood of Englewood. Our home will be a 2 bedroom and 2 bath design with the master suite located on the first level to accommodate for aging in place. With our design, we look to create a home that allows a couple to begin their life together, start a family, raise and nurture that family, and remain independent when the children are grown and the couple has aged. Our project layout and design is intended to provide a efficient and affordable home for the lower income population in the surrounding Englewood neighborhood.

4. **Durability and Resilience**
Our design focuses on the home’s ability to endure local environmental conditions and anticipate, withstand, respond to, and recover from disruptions. To ensure this, we will utilize the strength of durable materials with a long lifespan such as CLT, metal roofing, and steel siding. This envelope will last longer with less deterioration over time. Photovoltaic energy provides power in the event of grid interruptions.

5. **Embodied Environmental Impact**
The life cycle of the urban single family home remains at the forefront of our design, using materials in our construction that are not only recycled but could be reused in the future. Our team is passionate about limiting the use of plastic insulation materials with high embodied energy and the inclusion of CLT construction. This home has been designed to comply with the PHIUS+ 2021 prescriptive pathway. This means that there is much more insulation than a typical home in the United States, resulting in a higher embodied environmental impact for insulation. Because the building has been designed to meet the PHIUS+ 2021 prescriptive pathway, the thermal insulation and high performing building envelope allows the opportunity to reach a very low site energy usage.

6. **Integrated Performance**
Increasing daylight and reducing heating & cooling cost is a major component of the design and will be achieved through the proper orientation of the home. The robust airtight envelope we include will reduce heat losses and gains, ultimately minimizing energy use.

7. **Occupant Experience**
With the proper orientation of the structure, daylighting opportunities will be increased as well as views outside of the home. The correct placement of operable windows will allow for the inclusion of natural ventilation. Our team will be creating a home with transitional spaces outside for connection with nature and neighbors. This project is a moderate smart home where the lighting, climate control, and fire/life safety will all be able to be controlled on any cellular device with a touch of a button. This will allow for easy access for any age of occupant within the residence and will allow for lower maintenance in the future. Aging in place remains an important component of the design as our team designs a home that is adaptable.

8. **Comfort and Environmental Quality**
We will provide both a comfortable and healthy indoor environment through the inclusion of an airtight envelope that allows for proper climate control. We will create a structure with materials that minimize chemicals, dust, pollen, biologicals, radon, and moisture as well as acoustical design strategies for controlling unwanted noise.

9. **Energy Performance**
Our design focuses on the reduction of whole-building energy consumption and the ability to generate clean energy that is needed on-site. We will be reducing plug loads and appliance loads by using Energy Star rated appliances and low-flow water fixtures to reduce the use of hot water. Our renewable energy generation will be provided through solar panels.
Site Plan

Dublin Core

Title
Site Plan

Citation
Project Floor Plans

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**FIRST FLOOR PLAN**
Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"

**SECOND FLOOR PLAN**
Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"

Dublin Core

Title

Project Floor Plans

Citation
Street View

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Dublin Core

Title
Street View

Citation
Back Yard View

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Dublin Core

Title
Back Yard View

Citation
Interior View

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Dublin Core

Title

Interior View

Citation

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Building Systems Diagram

Project Diagram

Passive & Active Systems Diagram

High Ceiling allow for stack ventilation

South facing short windows capture summer winds with low energy escape

Roof Windows vent heat during the Summer

Solar Collection Array

SUMMER

WINTER

WINTER

Dublin Core

Title

Passive & Active Systems Diagram

Citation
Envelope Details

Citation
Energy Consumption & Cost

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![Graph showing energy consumption and cost](image)

- Typical Midwest House
- Meets ZERH & 2015 IECC
- Meets PHIUS+ 2021 Prescriptive Pathway
- Meets PHIUS+ 2021 Prescriptive Pathway (with PV panels)

Total Savings: $3,131.10 per year
Break-Even on Investment: 17.5 Years

Dublin Core

Title
Energy Consumption & Cost

Citation
Energy Use Intensity Evolution

1311 Btu/sq. ft. of daily solar radiation

9.62 kW PV System

EUI PROGRESSION

Average USF in the Midwest
Meets SDDC Requirements (ZERH, IECC 2015)
Meets PHIUS+ 2021 Prescriptive Pathway
Meets PHIUS+ 2021 Prescriptive Pathway with PV system

50 kBtu/sf/yr
40 kBtu/sf/yr
26 kBtu/sf/yr
-2 kBtu/sf/yr

Dublin Core
Energy Use Intensity Evolution

Embodied Carbon

Dublin Core

Title
Embodied Carbon

Citation
Project Team

Our Team

Team Members

Undergraduate Team Members

Sam Felling
Architecture
Graphic Design, Presentation, & Architectural Design

Gracie Lehman
Architecture & Historic Preservation
Floor Plans, Engineering, & Architectural Design

Cheyenne Kalb
Architecture
Occupant Experience, Environmental Quality, & Architectural Design

Kolton Behrent
Architecture & Construction Management
Market Analysis, Details, Report Layout, & Architectural Design

Noah Gibson
Architecture
Embodied Env. Impact, Energy Performance, & Architectural Design

Evan Johnson
Architecture & Construction Management
Durability & Resilience, Engineering, & Architectural Design

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Integrated Performance, Embedded Fire Impact, & Architectural Design

Andrew Jackson
Architecture
Energy Performance, Integrated Performance, & Architectural Design

Alexandra Lawberg
Architecture
Environmental Quality, Durability & Resilience, & Architectural Design

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Project Team. Click to expand PDF.

← Energy Consumption Charts
Project Team